ED 124 789

CE 007 424

TITLE

Coffee County Alabama's Approach to a Comprehensive Placement Program -- Grades One Through College, Final

Report.

INSTITUTION, SPONS AGENCY Coffee County Public Schools, Elba, Ma.

Alabama State Dept. of Education, Montgomery. Div

Vocational Education and Community Colleges.

VT-102-950 -REPORT NO RCU-D-75-S008 BURTAU NO

PBB, DATE Noct 75

69p.: Page 64 (a personal letter concerning a 'student) and page 69 (a completed student evaluation sheet) were removed. They are not included in the pagination: Some of the letters in the latter part of. the document will not reproduce well in microfiche

due to faded, broken type

EDRS PRICE

HF-\$0.83 HC-\$3.50 Plus Postage.

*Career Education; Comprehensive Programs; Dropout DESCRIPTORS

Programs; Elementary Secondary Education; *Job

Placement; Occupational Guidance; Placement; *Program

Descriptions; *Student Employment; Teacher Response; *Vocational Counseling

IDENTIFIERS Alabama (Coffee County)

ABSTRACT

The purpose of the Coffee County (Alabama) project was to implement an integrated program of occupational information, guidance, and training extending from the elementary school through the post Kigh school level: Implementation strategy included the following activities: (1) appointment of project personnel, including a full-time placement coordinator; (2) implementation of career education and occupational guidance in the six participating schools through teacher inservice and information dissemination; (3) establishment or revision of school advisory committees to assist in data collection, student screening, and other areas: (4) special emphasis on involvement of potential dropouts in work-study programs; and (5) identification of the community and area resources capable of providing employment opportunities. Results of the program included the placement of 19 unemployed adults, and college placement of 18 persons by assisting them to secure financial aid. Accomplishments indicate that the programis workable; the greatest need is community awareness to stimulate the hiring of students for paying jobs. Appendixes (49 pages) include: an information sheet for school personnel explaining the program, pertinent forms for data collection, an annotated bibliography on career guidance, and letters to the placement coordinator from teachers commenting on the impact of the programm (RG)

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FINAL REPORT

Project Number RCU-0-75-5008

Exemplary Project in Vocational Education
Conducted Under
Part D of Public Law 90-576

The project reported herein was conducted pursuant to a grant with the Alabama State Department of Education, Division of Vocational Education and Community Colleges. Contractors undertaking such projects under State Government sponsorship are encouraged to express freely their professional judgement in the conduct of the project. Points of view or opinions stated do not, therefore, necessarily represent official State Department of Education position or policy.

H. Baker, Superintendent Coffee County Board of Education Post Office Drawer D
Elba, Alabama 36323

October 1975

S DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH. EDUCATION EWELFARE MATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I am deeply grateful to Mr. J. H. Baker, Superintendent of Education, for sharing the benefits of his wide experience and his most excellent suggestions. I am also grateful to Mr. John W. Vaughan for his assistance in every aspect in developing the project and his assistance in coordinating the efforts of the counselors, the coordinator and other related personnel in their efforts to make the program as successful as possible.

We are also grateful to Dr. Patterson and Dr. Roth of the State Department of Education and their office personnel for their excellent suggestions and guidance in the implementation of the project. To each of the personnel of the central office, principals, teachers, community workers, students of the six schools included in this investigation, we are also grateful. Appreciation is expressed to the schools, communities, industries, and other agencies.

ABSTRAGT

This project provided intensified training for potential drop-outs,

PROBLEM

The is to say thach all students a saleable skill.

The problem of this investigation is to determine how the curriculum can, in the real life goals of the students to motivate them to choose the direction they gill take after high school or upon leaving school.

SCOPE

The scope of this investigation covers six schools in the Coffee County School System. Its approach is aimed at the development of skills and understanding which relate to families of occupations.

OBJECTIVES PURSUED

The central objective of this project was to implement an integrated program of occupational information, guidance and training extending from the elementary school through post-high school level.

METHOD USED

Developed instruments, house calls, attended workshops, held in-service training for a selected group of teachers, conference with social workers, attended staff meetings with the Superintendent of Education, assisted students in getting financial aid for college. Held conferences with teachers, students, principals, parents and also personnel directors qualified to administer and evaluate the G.A.B.T. Test. Made extensive use of the telephone and news media.

RESULTS

Placed on work experience jobs, two hundred and sixty students. These are paying and non-paying positions.

WIGHLIGHTS OF THE FINDINGS

Personnel directors are interested in productivity, loyalty, initiative, competitiveness, responsibility and leadership from the lower tier.

People need to be taught the skills of obtaining jobs, proper dress for jobs, as well as developing a saleable skill.

The implications are that most people have an interest in productivity and process initiative when they are led to believe in themselves.

. We recommend further study and a continuous implementation of the finding of this study.

I. INTRODUCTION

Coffee County is located in the extreme southeastern part of Alabama and is one of seven member counties of the Southeast Alabama. This area also includes the counties of Barbour, Dale, Covington, Geneva, Henry and Houston. Coffee County is roughly rectangular in shape with an area of 677 square miles or 433,280 acres.

The incorporated municipalities in the county are Enterprise, Elba,

New Brockton and Vinston. Coffee County is also divided into 22 voting

districts (beats) or census county subdividions. Coffee County has an

excellent network of paved federal, state and county highways and and an animal animal system of "feeder" roads. goods and services that are not available within the county may be obtained from larger nearby centers, such as Dotham,

Montgomery and Columbus, Georgia.

Population by sex in Coffee County in 1970:

Non	-minority			Minority	
Male Female	16,977 17,895	(48.7) (51.3) ·		2,807 3,248	(46.4) (53.6)
`Total	34,872		•4	6,055	•

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1960-70 Censuses of population.

POPULATION

			• •			• ,		
• .	Urban	• .	Rural .	•	Urban	. • .	Rural	,
Elba	4,311	(14.1),		•	4,634	(13.3)	•	
Enterprise	11,410	(37.3)	• ,		15,591	(44.7.)		-
New Brockton ·	•		1,584 (5.2)				1,374	(3.9)
.Kinston	•		470 (1.5)		• .		540	(1.6)
				•		•		

. 12,798 (41.9)

14,852 (48.6)

(36.)

12,733

20,225 (58.0) 14,647

Figures in parentheses are percent of total population Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1960-70,

15,732 (51.4)

Other Rural

Total

1960

The Coffee Courty School System functions as a rural system as indicated in Table L listed under population.

Teachers:	Non-minority - 89 Minority - 27	•	•	
	Total 116			• '
Students: ,		Non-minority	•	Minority
•	Senior High School Junior High School			65 101
•	Elementary	1,037		- 235 •
	Total	1,987	*	401

Approximately 23.88% of the students that enter our school system choose to leave or enter another system prior to graduation.

See Table I under Population for names and size of cities and towns in or near the area served by the Coffee County School System. This project was designed to serve all students in the Coffee County School System and others such as drop-outs, adults and college students. The major objective was to place people on jobs which would be compatible to their interest.

Total amount of funds-budgeted to project:

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25,000,40	7700		b	The state of the s	no see on
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II OBJECTIVES

- 1. A program of occupational information will be implemented, through the use of guidance, career-education and information services extended from the elementary through the secondary school level.
- 2. It is recognized that the processes of occupational choice and vocational maturity extend from early childhood into adulthood. This program will impart knowledge of the world of work, of various occupational choices, of educational and/or physical requirements of certain fields of work and of institutions which provide training to enter specific jobs or fields of work. Knowledge in those areas mentioned will be measured by an increase of a 10% positive change score on a pre to post test basis on a staff developed instrument.
- 3. Students will be more familiar with various occupations, informational services and course requirements for general occupational selections as measured by a 10% positive change score on a staff devised instrument on a pre and a post basis in September and May, respectively.
- This occupational orientation and information will be incorporated into regular classroom activities at the elementary school level. At the jr. high school and secondary school level, students will be moved from broadly based exploratory levels to more specific guidance orientated activities such as individual counseling, group counseling, testing services and information services will better enable the individual student to make intelligent occupational and course selections as measured by a 10% positive change score on teacher made test.

There will be special interest placed on potential drop-out students through the use of the work-study program to meet the atypical needs of certain students whose needs are not being met elsewhere in the school system. This will enable the school system to substantially reduce the drop-out rate by minimum of 10 percent.

III PROJECT PERSONNEL

Project Director:

Name ':

John'W.. Vaughan

Present Postiion:

Assistant Superintendent of Education

Degrees :

B.S. - M. Ed.

Duties:

Continuing Administrative time to be committed to this

project:

25%

Experience: classroom teacher, guidance counselor, principal and assistant superintendent of education in charge of

pupil personnel services.

Project Coordinator:

Name:

Virgil Coleman

Degrees:

B.S. - M. Ed.

Duties: Full time to be committed to this project.

Experience: has 23 years of experience at the junior high and senior high

levels as principal,, 2 years as placement coordinator, 25 years

as a businessman.

The Project Coordinator will be responsible for the operation of the project in cooperation with all principals and the Project Director. He will assist the Director in the selection and orientation of all personnel involved. He will direct the assimilation of information and the lists of materials, supplies and equipment needed to carry on the program. He will generally supervise all activities and be directly responsible to the Project Director for all necessary reports and any accounting procedures which may be required. This person will be responsible for developing presentations and keeping the local board and other

groups informed about the project. Material development will be one of the major responsibilities.

JOB DESCRIPTION

Project Director (Assistant Superintendent of Education_

The project director will devote 25% of his time to making the project as effective as possible. His job will be to assist in coordinating the efforts of the counselors, the coordinator and other related personnel in their efforts to make the program as successful as possible.

Counselors

These people will assist in the screening and location of potential drop-outs.

They will also assist in the placement of these persons and give personal counseling to all students in the program. Records of assimilated data will also be kept by the counselor for future reference.

Secretary

The secretary within the Central Office, will be responsible for the making and keeping of payroll records and all bookkeeping and accounting procedures.

Superintendent of Education

The Superintendent of Education will conduct conferences with teachers, students, the placement coordinator, counselors and P.T.A. and civic organizations to determine its progress and effectiveness

Participating	Schools:	Name	-			Grade
- 1		Goodman-	~		,	1-9
		√ Kinston				1-12
1		New Brockton			^	1-12
- 1		New Hope '				` 1-9
. 1	•	Mt. Pleasant	• •	*		1-9
		Zion Chapel				1-12

Total number of participating teachers is 116 and total number of participating students is 2,388.

TV PROCEDURES

- Held a workshop with a selective group of teachers in the Coffee County

 School System and explained the objectives of the Comprehensive Placement

 Program. From this one day workshop knowledge was obtained to help us

 implement the program.
- Handouts were given to all teachers of the system and PTA presidents.
 These handouts contained objectives and procedures in implementing the program.
- 3. All instruments to determine employability, potential drop-outs and resource people were given to each teacher and administrator.
- 4. We have updated and revised our advisory committee in each school where it was necessary. Advisory committee functions were:
 - a: Advise and update instruments to determine capability and availability of resource people who visit the schools and explain their jobs upon invitation of a teacher.
 - b. Screen and update availability and employability industry and and agencies of the community.
 - c. Make recommendations to the Placement Coordinator.
 - d. Assisted in creating an awareness of the careers that are not generally observed in our communities.
 - e. Assisted in screening students for the work-study program.

- f. Assist encouraging participation in the program from all sectors of the community, faculty, parents, students, etc.
- g. Assist in evaluation of the program.
- 5. The library served as a resource center of each school. Records were kept by
 the librarian: filmstrips, books, pamphlets, magazines, records of resource

 people and equipment dealing with career education.
- 6. The coordinator served as a consultant of all schools. His office was located in the Central Office. All records and instruments were at his disposal for distribution of each school.
- 7. The coordinator made house calls when needed to assist students and adults, visit personnel directors, financial aid directors of academic and vocational institutions of post high school level.
- 8. Contact was made by letter, telephone and personal visits as a job hunting method and placement.
- 9. The coordinator used every method at his disposal to involve the State

 Employment Offices and all agencies in a cooperative manner in our placement,

 program.

V. ACCOMPLISHMENTS

SCHOOL	Studen	ts Placed '	Paying Position	Non-paying pos
New Hope		8		4
Goodman		18	5	13
Zion Chapel Kinston	•	20 32	.21	106 .
New Brockton		81	26	55
Total ,	2	67	7.4	193

Children working for money or with pay were classified as potential drop-outs.

Non-paying students are the ones we sought to teach job skills. Job skills were also taught to potential drop-outs.

Coffee County School System Graduates

40% enter into post-secondary training
49% gainfully employed
56% received financial aid entering
post secondary training
16% married
6% unknown

Placed three parolees on jobs.

Placed one deaf and mute in the school at Talladega for such students

Place eighteen persons in college that had no intention of going. This was done

by assisting them in getting financial aid.

Placed nineteen adults on jobs. These people were unemployed.

Coordinator was qualified to give and evaluate the G.A.B.T. test.

VI PROBLEMS ENCOUNTERED

Not enough Jobs for needy students especially part-time jobs with pay.

VII THE FUTURE

We have data indicating that the completed proposal for the Coffee County School System is a workable one that will serve all systems of this size, but we do recommend that a continuous study be made.

We are of the opinion that more attention should be given to the social and physically handicapped. Also, the communities need to be made aware of the meeds of the program, thus stimulating them to hire a student on part-time and/or full-time basis.

APPENDIX

COFFEE COULTY'S APPROACL TO A COMPREHENSIVE PLAGEMENT PROGRAM GRADE ONE THROUGH COLLEGE

Virgil Coleman

Placement Coordinator

J. H. Baker, Superintendent of Education

Information for teachers and principals concerning Coffee County's Comprehensive Placement
Program

Placing a new emphasis and/or a new look on a comprehensive placement program will go a long way to solving the problems of a majority of students attending schools today. Friendship, life style, community service, voting habits, citizenship, leisure time and family life are all virtually affected by job consciousness. It can and should pervade teaching and learning and should seek to remove the distinction between vocational and academic subjects,

Persons are going to enter the labor force and produce goods and services needed by society whether or not the public education establishment concerns itself with the task. Learning on-the-job, employer training programs, military training programs operated by other agencies of government, these and other ways of entering employment will continue to contribute their share to the total effort. In public schools there should be an approach aimed at the development of skills and understanding which relate to families of occupations. Selected occupations should be clustered in logical groups in which the occupations are related because they have similar teachable skill and knowledge requirements. This structure not only will have a motivational effect but will prepare students for entry into a broad family of occupations rather than only specific occupation.

There is ample evidence to indicate that students are vitally interested in their job/career development at early ages and this interest continues as they mature. Evidence also indicates that traditional curriculums do not emphasize applications of a comprehensive placement program. Students receive more career information from sources outside than inside the school system.

Recent concensus seem to support the premise that work has potential for meeting more than just economic needs. Among other things, it also provides for social interaction, personal dignity, self-identity and an entrance into adulthood. Traditional curriculums have not assisted individuals to perceive work as having personal relevance, as being critical to one's own life style, or as being a means that contributes to self-fulfillment.

isny youths have a limited awareness of the career choices that may be open to them. This seems especially true to those who have been reared in so-called disadvantaged environments. Social class restrictions, as well as traditional curriculums, have tended to limit opportunities for/or as a result of a comprehensive placement program.

The comprehensive placement development curriculum proposed in this project is designed to alleviate some of the problems mentioned.

-OBJECTIVES:

- 1. A program of occupational information will be implemented, through the use of guidance, career-education and information services extended from the elementary through the secondary school level.
 - It is recognized that the processes of occupational choice and vocational maturity extend from early childhood into adulthood. This program will impart knowledge of

the world of work, of various occupational choices, of educational and/or physical requirements of certain fields of work and of institutions which provide training to enter specific jobs or fields of work. Knowledge in those areas mentioned will be measured by an increase of a 10% positive change score on a pre to post test basis on a staff developed instrument.

- 3. Students will be wore familiar with various occupations, informational services and course requirements for general occupational selections as measured by a 10% positive change score on a staff devised instrument on a pre and a post basis in September and may, respectively.
- 4. This occupational orientation and information will be incorporated into regular classroom activities at the elementary school level. At the Jr. high school and secondary school level, students will be moved from broadly based exploratory levels to more specific guidance orientated activities such as individual counseling, group conseling, testing services and information services will better enable the individual student to make intelligent occupational and course selections.
- 5. There will be special interest placed on potential drop-out students through the use of the work-study program to meet the atypical needs of certain students whose needs are not being met elsewhere in the school system. This will enable the school system to substantially reduce the drop-out rate by minimum of 10 percent.

PROCEDURES

1. The underlying concept of the proposed program is that vocational choice and preparation is a continuing process which spans a long period of time and requires a concerted effort by educators to attain success in a given vocation.

The project coordinator will be administratively accountable to the Superintendent of Education of the Coffee County School System and will work in a consultant capacity with all other school personnel. We will seek not to compete with other agencies, but pool all types of resources with other organizations to best serve the various client population. We will develop workable procedures and receive administrative approval and cooperation, which has been demonstrated by favorable actions, for installing a total comprehensive placement education program in the Coffee County School System. The coordinator will implement the following program:

- a. Identify part-time and full-time employment opportunities
- b. Demonstrate and document a systematic procedure for identifying and contacting prospective employers
- c. Identify the kinds of information needed from businesses and agencies regarding employment prospects for students in various circumstances, such as drop-out, potential drop-outs, handicapped persons, graduates, etc.
- d. Demonstrate the predictive validity of the identification process, making revisions if necessary
- e. Utilize local human resourses in each school community, technical and academic colleges
- f. Organize an advisor committee in each school community to make recommendations to the coordinator



g. Organize a coordinating committee in each school, with a chairman to work with the coordinator.

The latter committees will assist in the following:

- 1. Assist in identifying and screening resource persons to serve our schools and to encourage usages of resource persons by teachers.
- 2. To assist in creating an awareness of the careers that are not generally observed in our communities
- 3. Assist in screening students for the work-study program
- 4. To assist in encouraging participation in the program from all sectors of the community, faculty, parents, students, etc.
- 5. To assist in evaluation of the program.
- h. Purchase expendable items such as workbooks, library books, filmstrips, slides and tapes.
- i. Supply each school committee with names of persons who will come to school to act as resource persons and their occupations
- j. Supply each school with an instrument to identify the potential drop-out
- k. Place potential drop-out students on work-study jobs.
- 1. A special interest shall be placed on part-time employment for non-goal oriented students, when that need is not directly met elsewhere
- n. Demonstrate and document a systematic plan for contacting and accounting for each group of exiting students.
- n. Outline a suggested plan for making a suitable follow-up system a permanent part of the school system services. A placement handbook will be prepared for each teacher of each school.
- 2. At the end of the project, the Coffee County School System will have determined the community and area resources capable of providing employment opportunities for school leavers (graduates and drop-outs).

The data and information analysis will be utilized to the advantage of all students in Coffee County Schools. One of our greatest determinations shall be to involve our local state employment office and the two other school systems in the project (Liba and Enterprise City School Systems). Our intention is also to continue to work with our local colleges and college graduates.



CAREER EDUCATION - VIRGIL COLEMAN, COORDINATOR WORK EXPERIENCE DATA

NAME OF SCHOOL

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COFFEE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Virgil Coleman, Placement Coordinator

Please furnish the following information on the person listed below. This information will be held strictly confidential:

Name			Date Training	g Began v	1.4
Training Description		<u> </u>	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
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Reason for Leaving	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		· • · · ·	
Would you re-employ applicant?	· 74		, te		· ė,
				•	

Productivity

Quality of Work

Personality

Initiative

Dependability

. Cooperation

Good . 80 - 89 B	Fair 70 - 79 C	Poor . 60 - 90 D
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	80 - 89 B	80 - 89 B 70 - 79 C

Signature		
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Title	***	
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Comment:



NAME		SENTOR CLASS INTENTIONS	
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COFFEE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

EMPLOYER SURVEY

,	. Date	
	,	
Company Name		
Address	City	Zip
Contact Person	Title	· ·
Telephone .	Hours	
1. Would your company hire high school stu	idents?	•
Part-time Yes () No () Full-	-time Yes () No	()
2. Would your company hire high school gra	aduates?	•
Yes () No ()	<i>:</i>	•
3. Would your company hire students without	it a high school diplor	na?
Part-time Yes () No () Full-	time Yes (,) No.	()
4. Would your company be willing to train	students?	
Individually () Small groups (·) No ()	
5. Types of jobs in your company:	·	
Boys:	Girls:	·.
	·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
6. Age requirements:	7. Work hours:	
8. Wage range: Hourly	y (`) Salaried ()	•
9. Company benefits:	· · ·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
10. Opportunity for advancement: Yes () No ()	•
11. Would your company be willing to hire	the handicapped?	
Yes () No () Part-time () Full-time ()
	•	

Page 2 Employer Survey

12. Comments:

GOODMAN JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL

NELSON WHITEHURST, PRINCIPAL ENTERPRISE. ALABAMA 36330

September 16, 1975

The committee you ask for is as follows:

Mrs. Wellie English Mrs. Lillie Everage Mr. Leon Adkison Mr. Fred Davis MT. PLEASANT SCHOOL Rt. 1 ENTERPRISE, ALABAMA

COFFEE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION P. O. Drawer D ELBA, ALABAMA

September 16, 1974

Attention: Mr. Virgil Coleman

Gentlemen:

Listed below are the names of those who will serve on our steering committee for Career Education this year.

Crea Parrish

Billy Jim Goodson

Clyde Greer

Mrs. Knight - Teacher

Mrs. Jackson - Teacher

Clay Howeli - Student

Joy LeCompte - Student

Sincerely,

J. 2 tolu J. B. Foster, Principal

JEF/jf.

TEACHERS: REPORT OF CHRONIC ABSENTEES

PUPIL'S NAME	NUMBER OF DAYS ABSENT	
AGE	GRADE	<u> </u>
PARENT OR GUARDIAN'S NAME AND ADDRESS_	•	
•	•	
Note: A child should be considered chi it is an excused absence.	ronic after fi	ve days of absenteeism unless
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*	•	•
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CLASS PERGIT

NAME			`	, 			DaTE_	·	· •	
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Buet, Max F. and Edward C. Roeber. Occupational Information: The Dynamics of Its Nature and Use. 3rd ad. Chicago: Science Research Associates, Inc., 1964.

An introduction to occupational experience in career development is presented. Brief presentations of the world of work, the labor force, and the world of education are included. The major portion of this book includes kinds of available occupational literature, information describing occupations, different sources of occupational information, and uses of such information.

Borow, Henry. Gareer Guidance for A New Age. Collection of addresses and essays, Houghton, 1973.

Campbell, Robert E. and Louise Vetter. Career Cuidance: An Overview of Alternative Approaches. Columbus, Ohio: The Ohio State University Center for Vocational and Technical Education, August, 1971.

This publication provides a reference for practitioners
seeking to ascertain alternative delivery systems by which career
development may be accomplished. This look at alternative approaches
for career guidance is to aid counselors and teachers in the development and diffusion of career guidance systems.

The Center for Vocational and Technical Education. The Systems Approach:

An Emerging Behavioral Model for Vocational Guidance. Columbus, Ohio:

The Ohio State University, January, 1971.

A summary of a model to provide improved career development services. The model, based on a systems approach, emphasizes student behavioral objectives, gives alternative methods for accomplishing these objectives, provides program evaluation strategies, and is designed to be flexible enough for use in most any type system.

NOTE: A copy was furnished to all librarians for use in the school.



Cobb County Occupational and Career Development Program. Occupational and Educational Avenues. Marietta, Georgia: Cobb County Board of Education, 1971.

A nine-page unit prepared for career guidance group sessions.

It contains general objectives, behavioral objectives, concepts,

subject-matter content. study activities, and an appendix: "Facts

About Jobs."

Cooper, Ann and Emily L. Corcoran. A Position Paper On The Role Of The Middle School Counselor In Career Development. Marietta, Georgia: Cobb County Occupational and Career Development Program, July 26, 1972.

This position paper lists the services a middle school counselor should provide to teachers and to students. It also includes an outline of how to arrange classroom guidance sessions and how to provide opportunities for participation in small group guidance sessions.

Davenport, Lawrence and Reginald Petty. "Counselors, Career Education, and Minorities." Minorities and Career Education. Columbus, Ohio: ECCA Publications, 1973.

Needed changes in patterns of counselor education are discussed in the first part of this chapter. Then attention is concentrated on changes required in counselor performance on the job.

Feingold, Norman and Sol Siverdloff. Occupations and Careers. New York: McGraw-Hirl Book Company, 1969.

This publication is designed for courses in occupational orientation and for use as a reference for counselors and students. The first part of the book takes a general approach to the world of work and career planning, while the second half discusses specific occupations by Dictionary of Occupational Titles classifications.

Forre ter, Certrude. Occupational Literature: An Annotated Bibliography. 1971 ed. New York: The H. W. Wilson Company, 1971.

The main section lists approximately 4,500 pamphlets and 1,500 books alphabetically arranged by occupations, with brief annotations. Other sections of the book include relevant information on such topics as: schools and colleges, foreign study, apprenticeship, legislation and social security, occupations for the handicapped, and professional counseling services.

Gibson, Robert L. <u>Career Development in the Elementary School</u>. Columbus, Ohio: Charles E. Merrill Publishing Company, 1972.

Career development can not be left to chance, and this book suggests that the elementary school years are the natural ones for developing understandings and attitudes appropriate for later career development and decision making. Chapters included in the book are:

- (1) Introduction to Career Guidance, (2) The Career Guidance Program,
- (3) Providing Appropriate Career Guidance Experiences, and (4)

 Developing the Career Guidance Program.
- Ginzberg, Eli. Career Guidance: Tho needs it, Who Provides it, Who Can

 Improve it. McGray-Hill, 1971. Report of a study by Conservation of

 Human Resources.
 - Gysbers, Norman C. <u>Foundations of Career Education</u>. Speech delivered at the Fifth Annual National Leadership Development Seminar for State Directors of Vocational Education. Columbus, Ohio: The Ohio State University Center for Vocational and Technical Education, September 19-22, 1972.

Life career development concepts are explained. Using these concepts as a base, goals and objectives can be identified and career guidance programs can be developed and implemented. Gysbers description of life career development describes the "whole" person.

Gysbers, Norman C. and Earl J. Moore. "Career Guidance: Program Content and Staff Responsibilities." American Vocational Journal. Vol. 47, No. 3, pp. 60-62 (March, 1972).

The steps in establishing a career guidance program are outlined. The main portion of the article is composed of four tables which list: (1) Career Guidance Responsibility Assignment, (2) Direct Career Guidance Program Contacts, (3) Shared Career Guidance Program Contacts, and (4) Indirect Career Guidance Program Contacts.

Hansen, Lorraine Sundal. <u>Career Guidance Practices in School and Community</u>.

Published by the National Vocational Guidance Association. Washington:

American Refsonnel and Guidance Association, 1970.

This monograph introduces principles and concepts of career guidance. It also describes practices and programs now in progress in a number of school systems. One of the chapters presents issues,

Herr, Edwin I. and Stanley H. Cramer. <u>Vocational Guidance and Career Development in the Schools: Toward A Systems Approach</u>. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company, 1972.

This book represents an attempt to develop a position statement about the potential significance of votational guidance within the educational context, and it surveys the approaches to and elements comprising vocational guidance. The authors analyze vocational guidance as both a stimulus to career development and a treatment of behavioral deficits results from incomplete career development.

Emphasis is placed on the fact that the work of the counselor is more effective when it is supplemented by that of the classroom teacher, the librarian, and other school staff members. The first part of the book considers how a person selects and enters the work position he fills, how his work affects him and his family and their way of life, and how the world of work is presently structured.

Osipow, Samuel H. Theories of Career Development. New York: Appleton-Century-Crofts, 1968.

This book describes and assesses some of the major theories of career choice and related research. Sections cover: Roe's Personality Theory of Career Choice, Holland's Career Typology Theory of Vocational Behavior, Ginzberg's Theory, psychoanalytic conceptions of career choice, and Super's Developmental Self-Concept Theory of Vocational Behavior. Also included is a chapter which gives a comparison of the theories.

Speech delivered at the Sixth Annual National Vocational and Technical Teacher Education Seminar. Columbus, Ohio: The Ohio State University Center for Vocational and Technical Education, October 23-26, 1972.

This speech relates the significant changes in the counselor's role in the Mesa Public Schools, Mesa, Arizona created by the implementation of the Comprehensive Career Education Model. It covers such areas as: preventative counseling, partnership, accountability, interpersonal and intrapersonal skills, and the counselor's self image.

Shertzer, Bruce. <u>Teachers' Guide to Group Vocational Guidance.</u> Cambridge,
Massachusetts: Bellman Publishing Company, 1971.

This guide suggests group activities relating to the world of work, knowing yourself, and securing a job and progressing in it.

Each of the forty-one lessons in the guide includes sections on lesson aims, motivational tips, procedure, summary, assignment, and lesson resources.

Smith, Edward D. "Weaving Guidance into Career Education." American Vocational Journal. Vol. 48, No. 2, pp. 60-63 (February, 1973).

A discussion of management for guidance in career education, the unique aspects of the guidance contribution to career education, integrating guidance concepts into the curriculum, strategies for job placement, preparation models for counselors in career education, and approaches to accountability in career guidance.

Tennyson, W. Wesley. "Career Development: Who's Responsible?" American Vocational Journal. Vol. 46, No. 3, pp. 54-58 (March, 1971).

Vocational educators and counselors must recognize that they both have unique contributions to make to the curriculum and school program. Career development offers a way of bringing meaning to life through the curriculum. It holds much promise for establishing relevancy, for humanizing the school, for bridging vocational and general education, and for promoting self-development.

Tennyson, W. Wesley, Thomas A. Soldahl, and Charlotte Mueller. The Teacher's Role in Career Development. A Minnesota Department of Education publication revised and reprinted by the National Vocational Guidance Association. Washington: American Personnel and Guidance Association, 1971.

The point is made that the guidance program is dependent to a considerable extent on the active participation of classroom teachers. Emphasis is placed on the contribution teachers make in pointing out the relationship of the subject matter they teach to various careers and successful performance in occupations. This publication brings into focus methods and media for relating subject matter to career development.

Worthington, Robert M. Redirecting Guidance and Counseling: A Top
Priority for Career Education. Speech delivered at the 21st.
Annual Guidance Conference. Menomonie, Wisconsin: University of Wisconsin-Stout, February 17, 1972.

This speech emphasises that the career education thrust in American education simultaneously demands and promises a top priority for redirecting and expanding guidance, counseling, and placement. All people in education must be concerned because career development operates at every level and in every setting represented in career education.

COFFEE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION WORK-STUDY PROGRAM STUDENT EMPLOYMENT APPLICATION

Date	Semester	Part-tim	ıe	A.M	P.M
Name		Age	Male	_Female	
Address					
Married	SingleFresh	soph	Race	Typing (WPM)
Area of Study	(\ , ,	
Hours Availab	le to work	. \	, , ,	٠, ۲	
Work Experien	ce	. \ -			·.
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Major		Adviso	or ·	**	· .
References (T	wo instructors or for	mer employers wi	th åddress a	and phone):	•
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Type of Emplo	yment Preferred:		`		. 0
Can Be Contac	ted (how and where? g	ive phone number	:s)		
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Signature of	Parent or Guardian		•		· ·
Signature Of	Principal	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
	Placement Coordinator	•		<u> </u>	+
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COFFEE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
WORK-STUDY PROGRAM
STUDENT EMPLOYMENT APPLICATION
FOR SUMMER JOB

Date \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	:		٠.	,
			,	٠, .
Name	Age	e <mark>∕.</mark> Malè_	Femal	e <u>* </u>
Address	<u> </u>	Pho	one	<u> </u>
If no phone, how can you be contacted?		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • •
Married Single Grade	Completed	in School_	<u> </u>	*
Do You Plan to go to College? Yes	No	Summer_	Fal	1
Area of Study		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	
Work Experience		<u> </u>		
	• • •			
References (two instructors) & addresses	٠,	٠	• ,	
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	. !	,		
*Type of Employment Preferred			78	
Signature of Parent or Guardian		· .		
Signature of Principal				
Signature of Placement Coordinator				· · · · · ·

*Employment not guaranteed - recommendation only.

TEACHERS REPORT OF CHRONIC ABSENTEES

School		•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Pupil'	s Name	· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- /	-
Number	of Days Absent		•	**	•	.
Age	• • •	Grad	e	· ·		٠,
Parent	or Guardian's	Name and Add	ress		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
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•	* * * *	,,		<u> </u>		
Note:	A child should	Grade Guardian's Name and Address mild should be considered chronic after five days of absence	of absentee	isp		
,	of Days Absent Grade or Guardian's Name and Address A child should be considered chronic after five days of absent unless it is an excused absence.		<i>/</i> ,			
•	Grade Or Guardian's Name and Address A child should be considered chronic after five days of abservables it is an excused absence.	•	••			
		Of Days Absent Grade Or Guardian's Name and Address A child should be considered chronic after five days of absences it is an excused absence.	*	,		
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ERIC
Full Text Provided by ERIC

COFFEE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION DIVISION OF CAREER EDUCATION J. H. BAKER, SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION

IDENTIFICATION DATA SHEET

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CŁASS ROLL	' GRADE	AVERAGE	*CODES		1.3
Doe, John	9	В -	A,D, could d	o excelle	nt work
Smith, Mary	g	B.	R	•	
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Teacher	•	_		:	

*See attached sheet for Codes



School

BEHAVIOR	DRAL PROBLEMS	
A	Lack of respect for school rules and regulations	• .
B	Weak student-staff relationships	•
<u> </u>	Poor relationships with fellow students	<i>'</i>
D	_ Easily influenced by peer pleasure	
<u>E</u>	Other:	
LACK OF	F MOTIVATION FOR SCHOOL	•
· <u>F</u>	Poor attendance	
G	_ Tardiness	_
<u>H</u>	_ Cutting class	
<u>I</u>	Other	
FAMILY E	PROBLEMS	•
· 1	_ Family relationships	,
<u>K</u>	_ Economic problems	•
<u>. L</u>	Other	
ACADEMIC	IC PROBLEMS	•
. M	_ Lack of achievement	
<u> </u>	_ Limited ability	
HEALTH I	PROBLEMS	•
0	Physical Handicap	•
, P.	_ General poor health	
Q	Other	
, b ,	Tittle forest or involvement in extra-curricular ac	rivitio



Parents and Friends:

An exciting new project sponsored by the Coffee County Board of Education needs your help, now. We are attempting to make the resources of our experience and careers available to the students of our school. When a class studies a certain subject, say, electronics, what could make it "come alive" for the students more than a demonstration by an electrician? The geography of Mexico might remain only pages from an assignment—unless a member of our community who has visited there comes with a few curios and a firsthand report: A demonstration of Karate—quilting—art—and study is transformed from book knowledge to real life.

It would involve your willingness to share an hour or two at the request of a teacher who would make arrangements in advance. Your response to the following questionnaire would be especially helpful in making this project a success. Please have your child return it to his or her teacher. If you need extra space to describe your career or experience, please use the back of the paper. Thank you.

J. H. Baker, Superintendent Virgil Coleman, Placement Coordinator Coffee County School System

Resource File Questionnaire

Name		•	•			•	
Address		_	•••		Phone	· ·	
Name and o	- description	of your	occupation	or hobby		·.	·
·			•	· · .			
	esponsibili	ties, an		necessary for	rce person to your particula		
to share a	and discuss	with th	sentations, e students?		s that you wou	dd be will	ling
Art	Music		Crafts	Business	Hobb	ies	
	•	• ,	· & '	experience)		•	
	.~				ith a field tr		•
Would you			be willing	to accept cla	ss tours throu	gh the fac	ilities
Would you	be willing		ide these s	ervices for ot	her schools in	the Count	ty?



CAREER AJARENESS IN PNEW BROCKTON HIGH SCHOOL

The New Brockton High School rely on all the resources of the community and surrounding areas in conducting programs of educational value for the children of this school. The librarian has cooperated in making these resources accessible for all to use in order to supplement different subject areas. Our school library maintain a record of exhibits, speakers, free materials, demonstrations, and other resources. From time to time, a teacher may call for the resource included in the file. When a teacher uses a resource from the file she fills in a follow up card with evaluation, the materials used by the resource person and other required materia. This card is attached to the resource card.

Books on careers have been purchased or donated to the school for use by the teachers or students. Cur library has the following books on career:

Health careers in Alabama- Health careers Council

Career opportunities- New York Life

Encyclopedia of careers and Vocaton guidance-Vol. I Hopke

(Planning your career)

Enclopedia of careers and Vocational guidance- Vol. II Hopke

(Careers and occupations)

Note: Two sets of the above Vol. I and Vol. II
Occupational outlook Handbook 1974-75 edition- USDL

Dictionary of occupational Titles Vol. I (Definitions of the titles.)

Dictionary of Occupational Titles Vol. II

(Occupational classification)

So you want to be a lawyer-, Nourse

The Waval Profession- Calvert

Successfully finding yourself and your job- . Magoun

So you want to go into journalism- Ryan

The children in every school level enjoy the Career awareness program of funny books starring Popeye the Sailor which was placed in the library by our Placement Coolinator, Mr. V. Coleman.

Filmscrips have been purchased on careers:

Career Education in Alabama/with cassette and handbook Career Education in Alabama(Career exploration) /with cassette and handbook Career Education in Alabama(Entry level skill development) /with cassette

This material may be checked from the library by anyone who needs such material. The teachers have been asked to continue work on the compilation of a file.

. We feel it will be a great loss to the school or community to discontinue in a comprehensive placement program.

Nehata Lavin, Librar

ERIC Full Took Provided by ERIC New Brockton, Alabama May 21, 1975

Mr. Virgil Coleman
Placement Coordinator
Coffee County Board of Education
Post Office Drawer D
Elba, Alabama 36323

Dear Mr. Coleman:

My experience as a special education teacher relative to career education, has been varied and beneficial in the learning environment.

I am aware of the fact that choosing a career is one of the most important decisions a young person will ever make. This choice depends on an appraisal of his interests and abilities, as well as, on a knowledge of the economic factors that are likely to affect future employment opportunities.

Students have developed concepts in the following areas: awareness of oneself, awareness of others, awareness of the value of work and awareness of each person's contribution to society.

There is definitely a need for broadening the spectrum in career education so that more children and adults may be reached.

One of the greatest errors, in my opinion, would be to discontinue the latter discussed program. Thus, I would like to recommend that more direct or first-hand experiences be provided in order that educators can meet the growing needs of <u>all</u> children in the educational process.

Sincerely,

(Mrs:) Annie L. Hooks

Kinston High School
office of the principal
Einston, Alabama 36453

Career Education

The Career Education Program this year was very successful. All the teachers the sponded well to the program. They were enthusiastic about the benefits which Can come through the utilizing of local resource people. Besides adding interest to the regular classes taught the resource people Coming in to au School help to establish little Community-school relations. All resource people were delighted to share resource people were delighted to share their work and their lines with our studies.

Resource persons were invited to lome at times the teacher feel this presentations would lovingsement the unit work being

Jeacher stressed to the resource fieight see that they were that they were that students might see four this pat so that students might see four this work really is:

This year twenty func (25) resource people Carrie into out school bringing people Carrie into out school bringing people information and a way of life; for our students to take a look at.

Kinston High School
Office of the principal
Kinston, Alabama 36453

Kinston, Alabama 36453 Some Classes set up wests to rancus businesser in the area. Fours were made through the operations to gow first hand infermation about the work involved. Our students were Introduced to the fallowing areas of ribik and expenses: 1- Life in Germany (traveler) 2. Rele of Cotton in america (economist) 3- nuclear reaction (scientist) 4. Mail Clerke 5. Firemon 6. Ston operation. 7. Law enforcement 7. Peanut inspector 9. Secret Service (Army) 10 County Hestorion 1.1 - Chukon farm Operator 12 Meat processing plant 13. Interce deckrating 14. Bankin 15. Cometalique 16 plaster Craft

12. Daviy forming

OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL Kinston, Alabama 36453 7 what is Curer Education? 19 Fashier Coordinator 20 Yew Hope Industries 21 Catiege Ofspartuneter (rapussentations) : Records have been kept on all besource preple used this year The file are available Most all the Les each. teacher to the pusculations quen by the resource people received extellent Matings. The important thing done in our school was the lising of polinier students as pisouce people. Students listered mal well to the people whom they know as students just à peur years back. Career situration has helped our school piogram have more interest this year It ence continue to add to a students. effectiveners as a future and his that in selecting a voication Jack. Brikett Counsilor

Ainston Aigh School

New Brockton, Alabama 36351

ray 22, 1975

r. Virgil Coleman rlacement Coordinator Coffee County board of Education rlba, Alabama 36323

Lear ir. Coleman:

It has been my observation that the program of Career Education has been most benificial to our school. Considering the economic level of the area, this field of education is wide open to service for this community.

y career English class initiated an independent study the second semester of this year which concluded with a formal research paper and interviews from various levels of employment. The questions asked of the participants resulted from our study of trade magazines, in-service training, and relative use of English grammar.

were able at intervals to invite certain guest speakers from various occupations to give both formal and informal talks to the class concerning their own interests in Career Education. These discussions were most informative and resulted in an optimistic outlook for students who had previously been disillusioned concerning certain careers.

Sincerely,

Barbara lurner

English Department

Mr. Virgil Coleman, Placement Coordinator Coffee County Board of Education P. O. Drawer D Elba, Alabama 36323

Dear Mr. Coleman:

I would like to express my appreciation to you for the wonderful work you have done in the schools of Coffee County by working so efficiently toward orienting the teachers and students on the importance of Career Education. Your efforts have made us realize that work values as a part of one's personal value system cannot be ignored at any level during the education years. Realizing the crucial importance of basic academic skills has motivated elementary and secondary school students to learn basic skills better.

It is my belief that all teachers agree that students should be told about jobs and job requirements during the study of every subject in every grade. The trade, business and professional people that you have made available to us as consultants and resource people has made teaching more meaningful and is helping the majority of our students to explore the possibilities that lie before them and some students are already making decisions on their career.

I have noticed that many of our junior high school students are now checking from the library career-oriented books such as "I Want To Be A Lawyer", "I Want To Be A Nurse", etc.. To me, this means that they are now beginning to think seriously about the future, their careers and the basic skills that they need in order to become what they want to be.

The work that you have done has made us realize that the most important kind of education comes when we as teachers make a sincere effort to infuse career education in the teaching-learning process and we feverently hope that you can continue to work for a better life for the young people who are now enrolled in the schools of Coffee County.

Sincerely,

Mrs.) Myra G. Smith

May 27, 1975

Mr. Virgil Coleman
Placement Coordinator
Coffee County Board of Education
Elba, Alabama 36323

It has been a real pleasure working with our school system's teachers and students in the Comprehensive Placement Program coordinated by you from the central office.

The librarian and her student staff have been an asset to the program. They provided a centralized area for materials and equipment, and maintained an updated file on resource persons which was used in all grade levels in our school.

May I mention the fact that you have helped many children, men and women to get jobs in the community which were badly needed. I do know that you had good help to get this done, but your leadership must be acknowledged.

I hope to see the scope broader and a continuation of the program.

Sincerely,

Rodger Bowden

Counselor, New Brockton H.S,

Rodine & Demoler

Nem Brockton High School Rew Brockton, Alabama 36351

Hay 22, 1075

In. Virgil Coloman, llagment Coordinator Coffee County Doard of Education Office of the Superintendent Liba, AL 36323

Dear Ir. Colemen: /

In regard to the career education program at New Brockton high School, it is becoming a useful part of the curriculum.

Through making the resources of the community experience and careers available to the students of our school, they become more aware of the industrial offerings in their area.

The resource persons have villingly jiven of their tipe for tours, field trips, and class assistance. Through this program, the students should be able to more readily prepare themselves for training in the field of their choice.

Sincerely,

Louis Marler

Userette H. Maldono

Vernette II. Maddon

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

New Brockton, Alabama 36351

ay 2., 1975

BFST COPY AVAILABLE

Er. Virgil Coleman
Placement Coordinator
Coffee County Board of carcation
Elea, A. 36323

Dear ir Coleman:

infour open, thind grade class, we have tried to utilize the career education promote as much as coscible. It is our belief, if a child is exposed to many different vocational who openizational pobs mile in elementary school, he will be able to delect and propage himself for his life-time job with a more mature at itude and a more secure decision.

e have involved career education in our classroom or discussing different form-related to our receal studies in coience progra. The of the careers discussed were: factor en, fruit farmers, rever boat pilots, coal liners, dulry firmers, engineers, cattle farmers, ranch workers, river cafety patrol, timber packs, loggers, air port managers, air plane pilots, dentists, doctors, nurses, and veterinarians. To learned about the work of each of these jobs and discussed the good and oad points of each. Source people are especially helpful in this farea of education.

"" would, in the future, like to have more material, such as; files and books business of these jois to post the class. In miny and feel that this is a cort. The most of for our productive of joing to tell imports the inspiral office actions for twomers.

Sincer I;,

Said Ellerkley,

Larbara Vaughaid

Barbara Targon

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55

New Brockton High School New Brockton; Alabama May 22, 1975

Mr. Virgil Coleman Placement Coordinator Coffee County Board of Education Elba, Alabama 36323

Dear Mr. Coleman:

The purpose of this letter is to let you know that I think your program is important to the students enrolled in the Coffee County School System. Career Education is an important aspect of the educational program of a student.

This year, especially, I have found that Career Education is being stressed even among elementary students. Several of our fifth-grade Weekly Readers have been devoted to Career Education.

Sincereil,

(Mrs.) Jo Anne Jones Fifth-grade Teacher

Career Education

The materials concerning Career Education at Zion Chapel High School are centralized in the 'ibrary. There is a section of books containing the Dictionary of occupationa' Tit'es, the Occupationa' Our ook Handbook, Occupations and Careers, and many others. A'so found in the 'ibrary in the Vertical' File is a forder containing reference pamph'ets, articles, and publications relating to careers. There is a card file in the library 'isting information on' community and career resource personnel. Many magazines to which the library subscribes carries monthly articles on careers. Daily newspapers also supply pertinent information. Several filmstrips giving career information are also available.

There has been wide use made of all the career education materials in the library by students and teachers. I feel this program has been very valuable in that it offers youth many chances to become familiar with the varied careers available from which they will have to choose in their future. I hope to see a growth and continuance of this program.

Sulvia To Law ho

Sy'via T. Lowery

Librarian, Zion Chapel High School

TO THER IT DAY OUTOTAN:

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Education's basic spal is to meet the needs of the students and in order for this goal to a resched, there must be within the school a carper education program. Students should be provided with adequate transaction to live satisfying and productive lives in today's and tomorrow's complex worlds. This learning the casic subject matters in school, students can be helped, through career education, to learn that themselves and career opportunities. They can be taught about the changing world and helped to develop their own personal strategies for facing it.

Their curriculum is designed to provide experiences for students to have decision—sking experiences related to educational and vocational planning. They provide career exploratory experiences to help students gain an understanding of worker characteristics and work requirements. They provide the experience and information through the mode people of through closen field things to areas of interest. Although yural some of, lion Charel light School is fortunate in job opportunities. Job availabilities fall in the entegories of farming, hospital staffing, faxtile explorant, different chases of manufacturing, (ex. trailers, garments, fork lifts, interesting and formations, can trailers, garments, fork lifts, interesting called in a to a, aids for helical Doctors and Yuth, and hides and

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remainment, sales or ople, insurance exployers, rank qualoyees, raintenance loss with the otate, Jounty and Sity, and numerous ctions. These jobs are sale available through the cusinesses located in 2000, high to the remost of the solution.

I know without a doubt, that the career education program of Collee County has cartainly usen a strong instrument used in helping from Chapel structs graduate from high school. Without this program, some students at 12 have received attendance certificates instead of diplomas. I personally cannot give enough praise for this line program and provide my continued support for it in the future. It must be clearly unlerstood that no educational system can be fully affective kithout a well-developed career advention program.

Trs. Fat Forell, Er. Sponson

Zion Chapel High Sch.ol

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Vocational Education as Applied to Englash

The objective of Career English is to allow the student to explore career interest through career related literature and to prepare the student for various careers by stressing the necessary English skills for efficiency. Finally, Career English prepares the student for further education in a trade school or to enter a career without further vocational training.

Areas covered: in a vocational oriented English class are: the importance of self-analysis before choosing a vocation; personality analysis as well as aptitude tests and preference analysis; job analysis - a study of various occupations; vocational training - resource persons (private and industrial); trade schools, colleges, and universities.

Career English also covers traditional material such as the raragraph, letter writing, the interview, application forms, fair play in business (rules governing the business world), explaining, persuasion, the telephone and telegraph, banking forms, good manners, the newspaper and magazine, radio and television, vocabulary and the dictionary, and the mechanics of grammar.

Career English is valid. Students have felt the joy of success and satisfaction, and a higher regard of them-

selves as an individual. They can master the material and the age old question, "Why study this", is seldom heard. As far as this teacher is concerned, Career English is offering the student something he can use, something of value to him, and it is a student-centered course. Who is education for? The teacher or student?

Inclinida A. Sanders

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

This field was set up in high schools to help the education goals of students. If students can work while going to school their chance of finishing school is greater. Not only does the student have a better chance to finish his education but his chance at meeting and living a full life is greater. To learn to cope with the outside world is an important accomplishment and through vocational education this can be possible.

Having career education gives the student a chance to learn how to do the things once he has made the step in to the business or working world, so he will be able to make decisions in a situation similar to those he will encounter once he has made the step. The experience is valuable to the student to gain knowledge and understanding of what will take place later on. Career education is probably one of the most important aspects of our educational level.

We have many areas of opportunity in our area from farming to the white collar job in the business world. "The student has the choice for which he is best suited.

In our program of career education, we have many people who make visits to our high school to enlighten our students about their business or the opportunities available to them in their world. This helps the students to see what the outside working world is really like and which opportunity they

may seek.

Career education is a vital part of our education system. When you have people who are willing to work with and for the students the way our front office does, the program will continue to grow and improve in a way to help our students.

New Brockton High School

Rew Brockton, Aläbama 35351 14y 22, 1975

r. virgil Coleman rlacement Coordinator Coffee County Foard of Education clba, Alabama 36323

Lear ir. Coleman:

the vocational program concept that has been introduced in the Coffee County Schools (Career Education) has been a helpful tool with my special education classes.

we have been able to point to you for reference on jobs and vocational training requirements.

Students from my classes are now holding jobs under this program.

This is the type of resource fulness that is needed in meeting the community responsibilities. It is very much needed in the future in the schools of our county.

Sincerely,

Youl founghlood

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New Brockton High School

New Brockton, Alabama 36351

May 23, 1975

To Whom It May Concern:

Career education is an integral part of all vocational education. The two are so closely related that they are almost inseparable. Vocational training is training for a career.

Home Economics classes assist in preparing people for probably one of the most important careers in life - homemaking. It is erroneous to think that people are born with innate homemaking skills. They do not naturally know how to take care of children; plan, prepare, and serve nutritious, appetising meals; manage their money wisely; make adjustments in personal relationships; select, construct, or repair clothing correctly; and manage their homes properly. Skills in these and other related areas can contribute to establishing happy, healthy family lives.

Today this role of homemaker has been extended to the dual role of homemaking and working outside the home. Selecting—a second career should involve many considerations, so that the two can be successfully correlated.

In Home Economics classes we try to stress careers that may be available in the unit as it is studied. This helps make these units more meaningful. However, special units are often taught.

The Family Living class this past year became involved in an extended unit on career education. During the unit we distinguished between the terms job, occupation, and careers. We stressed developing wholesome attitudes toward all types of careers. Other topics explored included: filling out applications; writing a personal resume'; the personal interview; dressing appropriately for the interview and for work; correspondence relevant to applying for a job; using the business telephone; using reference materials about careers, especially the Dictionary of Occupational Titles; exploring areas of special interest; requirements and responsibilities of all careers in general; and preparing for a chosen career.

New Brockton High School

Rem Brockton, Alabama 36351

Many resource people were invited to speak to the class to make students aware of their careers. Some of these were: a student nurse, a speech therapist, a soil conservationist, and others. In addition, we used the filmstrips "Careers in Alabama" and the series "Going to College." The students especially enjoyed a field trip to a local technical college.

We found from our experience that students are very much interested in getting assistance in selecting careers. However, we need more resource materials on many careers. Another need is some type of interest or aptitude test which could be administered and interpreted to the students. With needed materials much can be done in high school to help prepare people to earn a living and have a successful and satisfying life.

Sincerely yours,

Con S. Dyess Ann S. Dyess

Home Economics Teacher

Bristerprise, Alahum June 10, 1975

Rev. D. Coleman.
Coffee Co. Bard of Ed.
Drawer D
Elba, Alabanci 36323

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Mours truly, Missililie C. Khicky. Mrs. Charle Xiin 490 PAGE 69 CONTAINING A COMPLETED STUDENT
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